



Accuration® Grower R125

Specie: Beef**Type of Feed:** Supplement**Form of Feed:** Pellet**General Description:**

A supplement for mixing with coarse cracked corn or shelled corn and by-product ingredients for grower feedlot cattle that is formulated to provide intake modifying properties to the complete ration.

PURINA®**ACCURATION® GROWER R125****TYPE B MEDICATED FEED****SUPPLEMENT FEED FOR GROWER FEEDLOT CATTLE**

For prevention and control of coccidiosis caused by *Eimeria bovis* and *E. Zuernii* in cattle fed in confinement for slaughter.

ACTIVE DRUG INGREDIENT

Monensin (as Monensin Phosphate) 125.00 g/ton

GUARANTEED ANALYSIS

Crude Protein, (Min) 30.00 %
(This includes not more than 17.50% equivalent crude protein from non-protein nitrogen.)

Crude Fat, (Min) 2.25 %

Crude Fiber, (Max) 27.50 %

Calcium (Ca), (Min) 3.50 %

Phosphorus (P), (Min) 0.50 %

Salt (NaCl), (Min) 1.50 %

Potassium (K), (Min) 1.75 %

Copper (Cu), ppm, (Min) 66.6

Selenium (Se), ppm, (Min) 0.67

Zinc (Zn), ppm (Min) 333.33

Vitamin A, I.U./lb, (Min) 8,000

Vitamin D, I.U./lb, (Min) 800

Vitamin E, I.U./lb, (Min) 8

INGREDIENTS**Note: ingredients differ by manufacturing plant**

Roughage Products, Processed Grain By-Products, Calcium Carbonate, Plant Protein Products, Urea, Potassium Chloride, Salt, Calcium Chloride, Dicalcium Phosphate, Monocalcium Phosphate, Thiamine Mononitrate, Zinc Sulfate, Lecithin, Glycerol Monostearate, Vitamin E Supplement, Vitamin A Supplement, Colored with Iron Oxide, Cobalt Carbonate, Manganese Sulfate, Choline Chloride, Ethylenediamine Dihydroiodide, Olive Oil, Basic Copper Chloride, Calcium Stearate, Inositol, Sodium Selenite, Vitamin D3 Supplement.

MIXING & FEEDING DIRECTIONS:

Thoroughly mix 350 pounds of this monensin Type B Medicated feed with 1650 pounds of coarse cracked corn to obtain 1 ton of Type C medicated feed containing 21.875 g/ton monensin. No additional improvement in feed efficiency has been shown from feeding monensin at levels greater than 30 g/ton (360 mg monensin per head per day).

Feed the resulting Type C feed at a rate of 0.14 to 0.42 milligram per pound of body weight per day, depending on the severity of challenge, up to a maximum of 480 milligrams per head per day.

Each pound of the resulting Type C feed will medicate 50 pounds of body weight at 0.22 mg per pound of body weight per day.

CAUTION:

Do not allow horses or other equines access to feed containing monensin. Ingestion of monensin by horses has been fatal. Monensin medicated cattle and goat feeds are safe for use in cattle and goats only. Must be thoroughly mixed in feeds before use. Do not feed undiluted. Do not exceed the levels of monensin recommended in the feeding directions, as reduced average daily gains may result.

WARNING:

A withdrawal period has not been established for this product in pre-ruminating calves. Do not use in calves to be processed for veal.

Available Options:

Product No.	Package	Size Diameter	Feeding Rate
3003963-206	Bag	5/32 – 11/64	Follow Feeding Directions
3003963-201	Bulk	5/32 – 11/64	Follow Feeding Directions

Product Features:	Product Benefits:
Monensin	Prevention and control of coccidiosis caused by Eimeria bovis and E. Zuernii
Contains protein, vitamins and minerals	Balances nutrient deficiencies in corn and by product-based rations to support growing cattle
Formulated using proprietary Intake Modifying Technology®	Regulates the number and size of meals, supports optimal feed efficiency and digestion, and helps minimize the risk of nutritionally related problems in growing cattle

IMPORTANT:

Must be thoroughly mixed into feed before use.

This product is to be fed only to the animal species as directed on this label. Follow these management practices:

1. This product should be fed with whole or coarse cracked corn. Cracked corn should be processed in a manner to minimize the creation of fines.
2. Whole shell corn should be at least of #2 corn quality.
3. Storage and handling of supplement should be managed to eliminate the unnecessary production of fines.
4. Do not allow animals to run out of feed.
5. Feeders/bunks should be well protected and managed to prevent accumulation of fines and wet, moldy feed.
6. When making a ration change, allow 7 to 10 days for animals to adjust to the new ration.
7. Provide adequate feeder space for each animal.
8. Provide mineral and salt free choice.
9. Provide fresh, clean water near the feeding area.

In groups of cattle, there are certain animals that experience chronic bloat or other digestive disturbances and consequently, are poor performers. In addition, excess feed consumption, severe weather changes resulting in erratic feed consumption, and poorly managed feeding practices can increase the incidence of bloat in all cattle. If bloat occurs, please review feed management practices.

KEY POINTS:

- The amount of ration consumed should be considered in determining the proper level of additive to be fed.
- All feeds containing moderate to high amounts of NPN can absorb moisture during periods of high relative humidity. The supplement may become hard in the sack or bridge in bulk bins. In extreme cases, pellets may become soft and crumble easily.