

Aureomycin[®]

50 Granular A

Caution: Federal law restricts medicated feed containing this veterinary feed directive (VFD) drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.



Chlortetracycline
Type A Medicated Article

Net wt 50 LB (22.68 kg)

zoetis

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Active drug ingredient		Chlortetracycline calcium complex equivalent to 50 g chlortetracycline hydrochloride per lb.	
Ingredients		Aureomycin Granular Type A Medicated Article (Dried <i>Streptomyces aureofaciens</i> Fermentation Product and Calcium Sulfate) and Calcium Carbonate.	
For use in the manufacture of medicated animal feeds. For use in dry feed only. Not for use in liquid medicated feeds.			
Use directions		Mix sufficient Aureomycin 50 Granular A Medicated Article to supply desired concentration of chlortetracycline per ton with part of the feed ingredients to make a preblend. Add the remainder of the ingredients and mix thoroughly. For specific use levels, see Indications .	
Mixing directions	Level desired grams per ton	Amount of medicated article per ton [†]	† It is recommended that 1 pound of Aureomycin 50 Granular A Type A Medicated Article be diluted with 4 pounds of one of the feed ingredients to form a 5 pound working premix. Use 1 pound of the working premix to make a preblend (see Use directions) for a Type C feed containing 10 g Aureomycin chlortetracycline / ton of feed.
	10	1/5 lb	
	50	1 lb	
	100	2 lb	
	200	4 lb	
	400	8 lb	
	500	10 lb	
Indications		Chlortetracycline mg per lb body wt per day	In complete feed Chlortetracycline g per ton
Cattle		0.5	50-100
Beef Cattle (over 700 lb): Control of active infection of anaplasmosis caused by <i>Anaplasma marginale</i> susceptible to chlortetracycline.			
Beef and Non-Lactating Dairy Cattle: As an aid in the control of active infection of anaplasmosis caused by <i>Anaplasma marginale</i> susceptible to chlortetracycline when delivered in a free-choice feed. Free-choice feed must be manufactured under a medicated feed mill license utilizing an FDA approved formulation.		0.5-2.0	400
Calves, Beef and Non-Lactating Dairy Cattle: Treatment of bacterial enteritis caused by <i>Escherichia coli</i> and bacterial pneumonia caused by <i>Pasteurella multocida</i> organisms susceptible to chlortetracycline. Feed for not more than 5 days. The appropriate amount of Aureomycin-containing feed supplement may be mixed in the cattle's daily ration or administered as a top-dress. If the Aureomycin-containing feed supplement is administered as a top-dress, it must be spread uniformly on top of the ration and sufficient space must be provided so that all cattle can eat at the same time.		10	200-400
Swine		10	200-400
Control of porcine proliferative enteropathies (ileitis) caused by <i>Lawsonia intracellularis</i> susceptible to chlortetracycline. Treatment of bacterial enteritis caused by <i>Escherichia coli</i> and <i>Salmonella choleraesuis</i> and bacterial pneumonia caused by <i>Pasteurella multocida</i> susceptible to chlortetracycline. (Note: this drug level is equivalent to approximately 400 grams per ton, depending on feed consumption and body weight.) Feed for not more than 14 days.			500
Turkeys		25	200
Control of complicating bacterial organisms associated with bluecomb (transmissible enteritis; coronaviral enteritis) susceptible to chlortetracycline. Feed continuously for 7 to 14 days.			400
Indications		mg per head per day	400
Cattle		70	Indications
Growing cattle (over 400 lbs): For the reduction of the incidence of liver abscesses.			mg per g feed
Beef Cattle: Control of bacterial pneumonia associated with shipping fever complex caused by <i>Pasteurella</i> spp. susceptible to chlortetracycline.		350	Psittacine birds
Beef Cattle (under 700 lb): Control of active infection of anaplasmosis caused by <i>Anaplasma marginale</i> susceptible to chlortetracycline.		350	Warning: Psittacosis, avian chlamydiosis, or ornithosis is a reportable communicable disease, transmissible between wild and domestic birds, other animals and man. Contact appropriate public health and regulatory officials. Caution: Aspergillosis may occur following prolonged treatment.
Sheep		80	Treatment of psittacine birds (parrots, macaws, cockatoos) suspected or known to be infected with psittacosis caused by <i>Chlamydia psittaci</i> sensitive to chlortetracycline. Feed continuously for 45 days. Each bird should consume an amount of medicated feed equal to one-fifth of its body weight daily. During treatment, parrots, macaws, and cockatoos should be kept individually or in pairs in clean cages.
Breeding Sheep: Reduction in the incidence of (vibronic) abortions caused by <i>Campylobacter fetus</i> infection susceptible to chlortetracycline.			10
Warning		A withdrawal period has not been established for this product in pre-ruminating calves. Do not use in calves to be processed for veal. Do not feed to ducks or turkeys producing eggs for human consumption.	
Store below 25°C (77°F), excursions permitted to 37°C (99°F) Restricted Drug (California) - Use only as directed. Not for human use. NADA 48-761, Approved by FDA			
zoetis Distributed by: Zoetis Inc. Kalamazoo, MI 49007		FPO: UPC 0 18721 911212 9 0	
Net wt 50 LB (22.68 kg)		Take Time Observe Label Directions	
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